## IMGWAJBEL

Intercontinental insight and investment in infrastructure



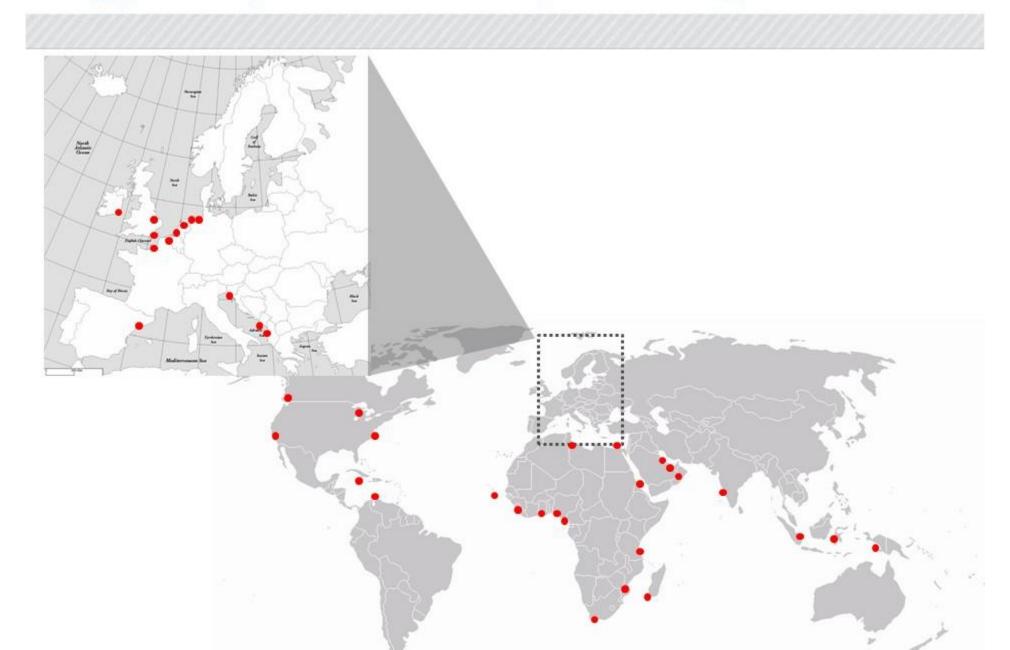
Steve A. Steckler Chairman IMG Rebel LLC

"We haven't the money, so we've got to think"

Lord Rutherford



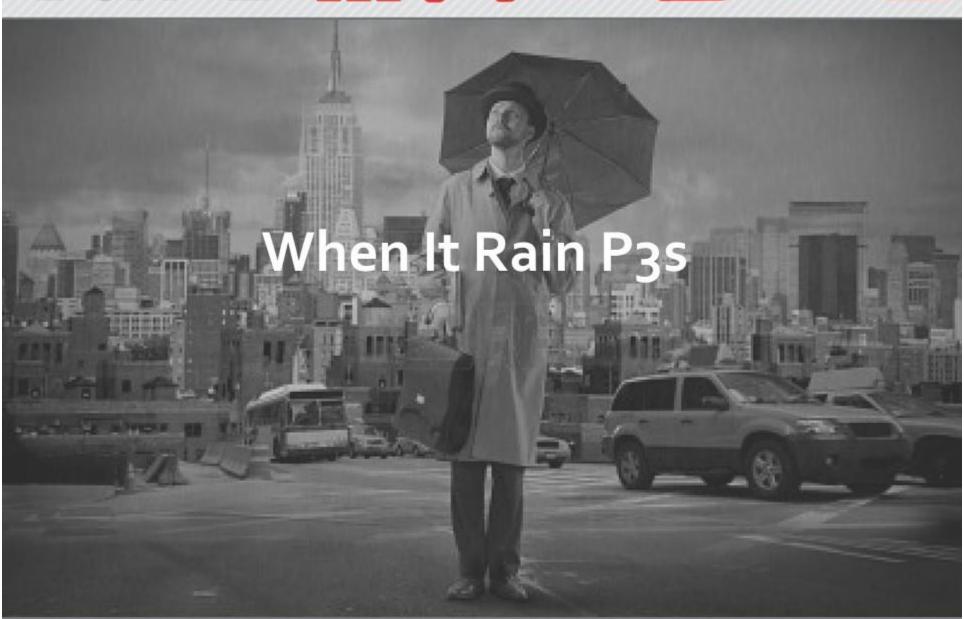
## Examples of IMG Rebel's port financings and PPPs



### IMG Rebel: Why port P3 finance is our business

- Infrastructure Management Group, Inc. (IMG) and Rebel Group BV were born in Washington, DC and Rotterdam, merged in 2013
- 150 worldwide staff devoted exclusively to infrastructure finance
- 50-50 balance of public advisory and investor representation, including some of the largest North American funds
- Over 120 global P3 transactions, including over 30 port transactions
- Many US P3 "firsts":
  - the first US commercial airport P3
  - The first US toll road P3
  - The largest US water P3

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- New Money: Investor capital relieves demands on the Port's debt capacity and balance sheet; moreover, it is motivated capital
- Unlocking Potential: Many PAs control valuable wet and dry assets that could be reconfigured to higher value through thoughtful P3s
- Risk Capital and Tenant Development Know-How: Investors often take strategic project risks while relying solely on tenant credit
- 4. Making Sure the Port Benefits: PPP agreements can be structured to ensure private partner is motivated to serve the port's overall development strategy



## Investor Criteria: What they are looking for

- Rate of return on the investment, and potential leverage ratio
- Stability and predictability of cash flows (matters more than cost)
- **Certainty** of construction and operating costs
- Lower Risk: market, political risk, regulatory risk, and "late kill"
- Opportunities to add value (and it's impact on IRR)
- Attractiveness of project post-stabilization to other investors with lower risk appetites

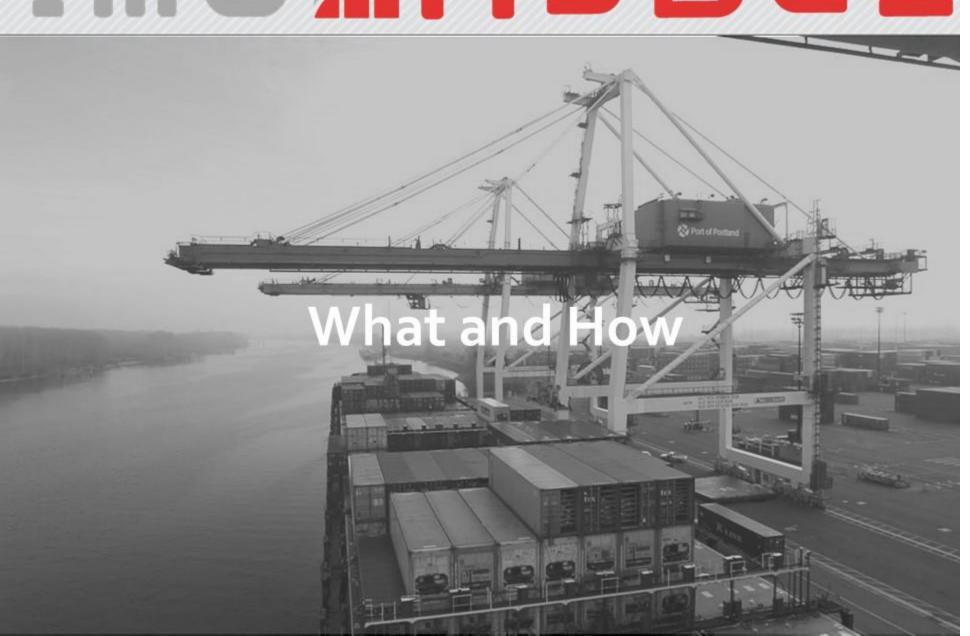
## H

#### Other investor considerations

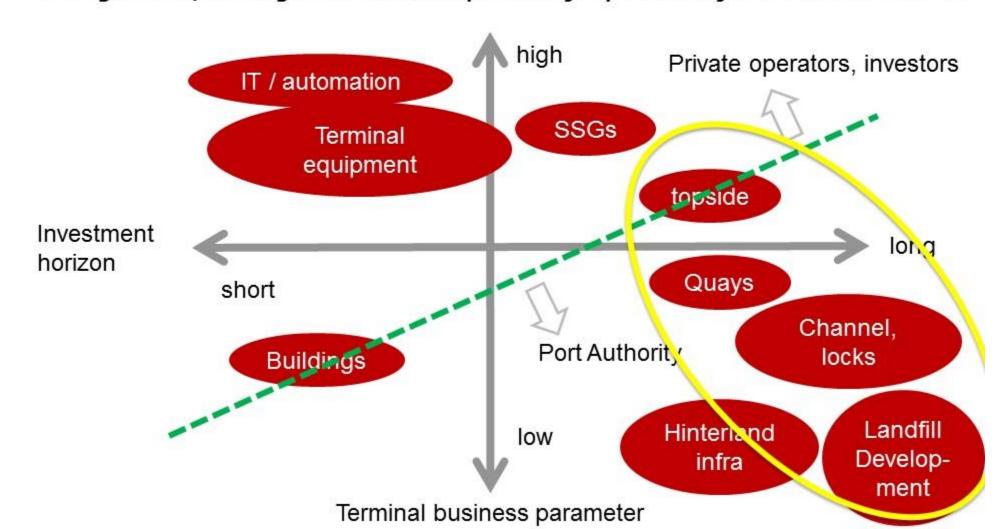
- 1. Is it currently on the port master plan?
- 2. What is the competitive situation (regionally and within the port)?
- 3. Is there local opposition to the project that could delay it?
- 4. Have you discussed it with the Army Corps?
- 5. Are there major environmental issues?
- 6. Does the port control the ROW to the project?
- 7. Is it on port-owned property?
- 8. Is the project already permitted?
- 9. Is there a conduit for issuing industrial development bonds?



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<u>Tenants</u> like to invest in assets with direct impact on their business, while <u>PAs</u> take a longer view, making them excellent partners for <u>private infrastructure investors</u>



## H

#### Some great P3 opportunities

- Core port facilities
- Terminal support assets
- Quays and apron areas
- Rail branches and loops
- Berths
- Service and access roads
- Utilities and pipelines
- Transit sheds
- Access roads and bridges
- Storage and tank farm facilities
- Navigation: channel dredging and widening (WRDA of 2016)

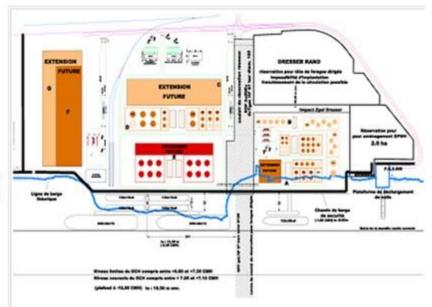




#### IMG Rebel Case Study 1: Pushing risk to private operators

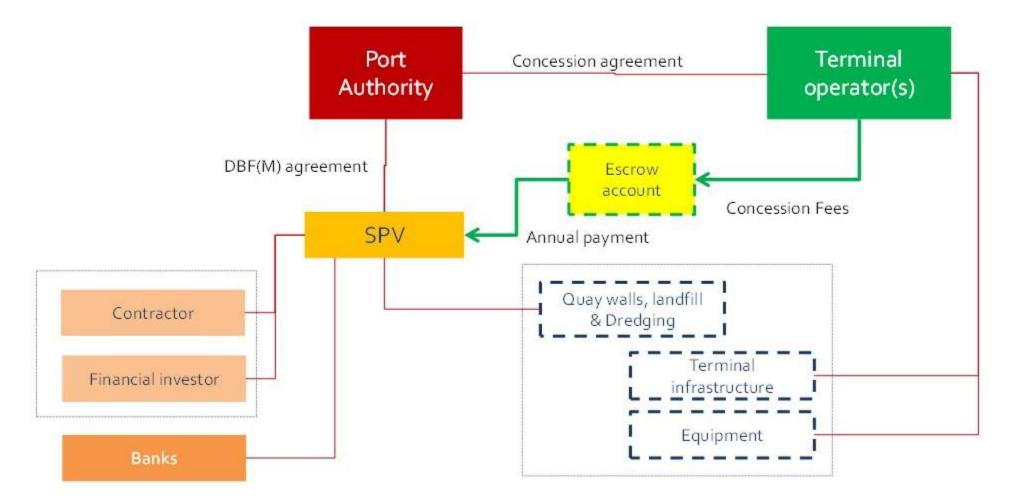
#### An IMG Rebel Client Case Study: a new oil terminal in France

- Typically, the PA provides berthing area, land fill & jetty
- The "French" P3 approach: Shift burden to private partner for jetty, dredging, land fill and rail, in return for a volume related discount on land lease fees





- Development & finance of basis infrastructure for new container terminals
- Significant interest from private sector, focus on finance and risk allocation





#### A Word About Navigation and Transit P3's

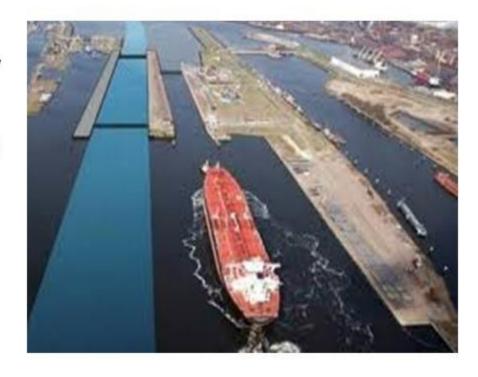
- Nav improvements can make excellent P3s
- Possible revenue sources:
  - Ship and volume-based landing fees
  - Rent from tenant improvements
  - Rent and value capture from land development enabled with spoils
  - Rent from land development via navigable finger channels
  - Port-wide value capture
- Credit factors:
  - Number and quality of tenants
  - Base and upside of shipping volume
  - Growth from newly-enabled commodities movement (e.g., oil, gas, petrochem)



### An IMG Rebel Case Study: "Availability Payment"

## Ijmuiden lock complex of Port of Amsterdam, extension with new lock

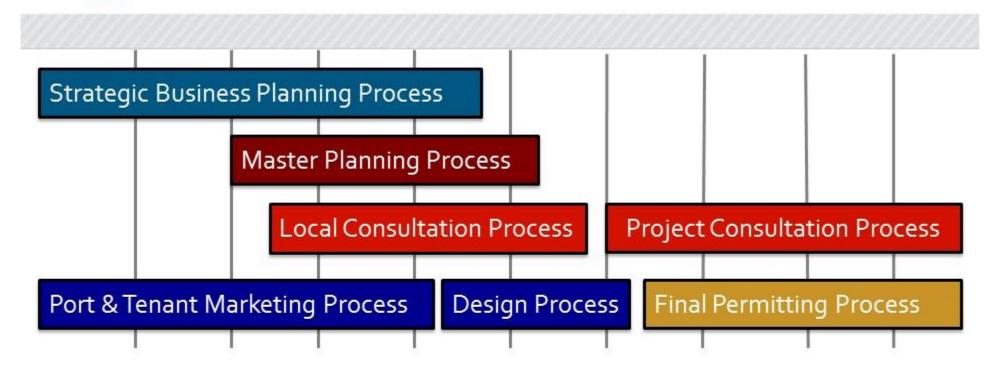
- Integrating design, construction, and finance for 30 year deal
- Payment based on <u>availability</u> of the lock complex
  - Life-cycle risk transfer
  - Using the finance instrument as a means of risk allocation



High risk premium built into project price because of complexity

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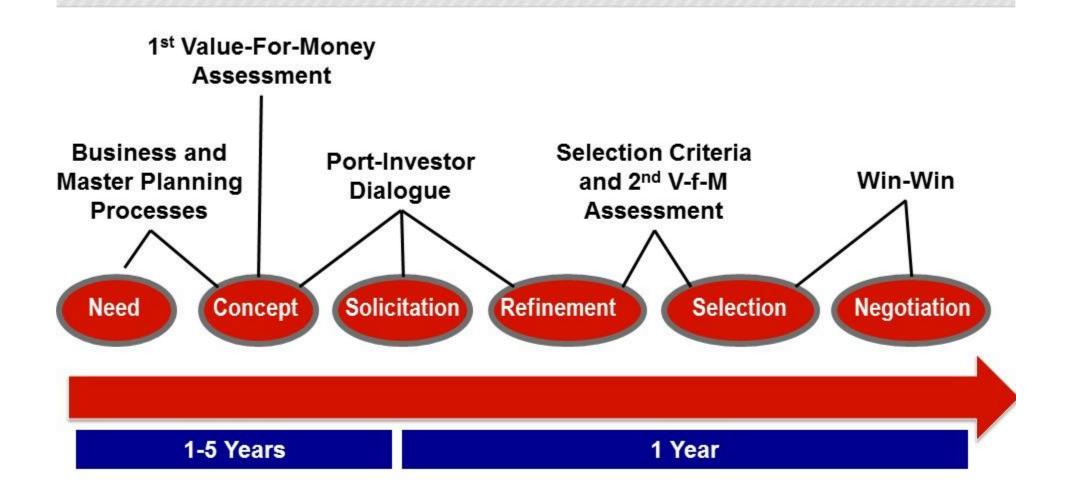


#### **KEY QUESTIONS:**

- At what points in the process should the Port consider P3 possibilities?
- 2. Where/how do marketing, tenants and infrastructure investors connect?
- 3. Which planning components need to change to improve P3 success?



#### Needed: a clear path to engage investors



### Thinking about it? Port P3s 101

- How P3s work
- Who the investors and developers are out there
- Examples of successful P3s that look just like yours
- 4. What projects in your Master Plan might be suitable for P3s
- What P3 structure could work best for each of your needs
- 6. How to calculate whether a P3 is or is not better than your other options
- 7. What procedural changes you might need to make, if any?
- 8. How to ask the investors/partners for their ideas, and proposals
- What a good P3 agreement looks like, and how to negotiate it



#### IMG Rebel: Bringing Business to Government®

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